

List of Diseases to Report in British Columbia (as of January 2018)

Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome	Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome
Anthrax	Hemorrhagic Viral Fevers
Botulism	Hepatitis Viral: Hepatitis A, B, C, E Other viral hepatitis
Brucellosis	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
Carbapenemase Producing Organism (CPO)	Leprosy
Chancroid	Lyme Disease
Cholera	Measles
Congenital infections: Toxoplasmosis, Rubella, Cytomegalovirus, Herpes simplex, Varicella-zoster, Hepatitis B Virus, Congenital Rubella Syndrome, Listeriosis and any other congenital infection	Meningitis: All causes Bacterial: (Haemophilus, Pneumococcal, Other), Viral
Creutzfeldt-Jacob Disease	Meningococcal Disease: All Invasive Including Primary Meningococcal Pneumonia & Primary Meningococcal Conjunctivitis
Cryptococcus gatti	Mumps
Cryptosporidiosis	Neonatal Group B Streptococcus Infection
Cyclospora Infection	Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning (PSP)
Diffuse Lamellar Keratitis (DLK)	Pertussis (Whooping Cough)
Diphtheria: Cases Carriers	Plague
Encephalitis: Post-infectious Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis Vaccine-related Viral	Poliomyelitis
Foodborne illness: All causes	Rabies
Gastroenteritis epidemic: Bacterial Parasitic Viral	Reye's Syndrome
Genital Chlamydia Infection	Rubella
Giardiasis	Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)
Gonorrhoea – all sites	Smallpox
Group A Streptococcal Disease, Invasive	<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> Infection, Invasive
H5 and H7 strains of the Influenza virus	Syphilis
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> Disease All Invasive, by Type	Tetanus
Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome	Transfusion Transmitted Infection
	Tuberculosis
	Tularemia
	Typhoid Fever and Paratyphoid Fever
	Waterborne Illness: All causes
	West Nile Virus Infection
	Yellow Fever

Most cases of reportable disease are identified by the health care system.

A provider who knows or suspects that a child or worker is suffering from a reportable disease should contact their Licensing Officer, Public Health Nurse or Environmental Health Officer.

Remember that information about someone's health is private information and should be treated with confidentiality.

Notifying Public Health of an Outbreak of Diarrheal Disease

Some diseases that are not "reportable diseases" can still cause serious illness and need to be followed up by public health to determine the cause and to prevent spread. Many of these diseases cause diarrhea and vomiting.

Providers in child care centres should notify public health, when 3 or more children have been sick with similar symptoms, such as diarrhea or vomiting, within a short period of time.